Numb. 8309.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday March 10. to Tuesday March 13. 1743.

St. James's, March 13.

THE following Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, and Juſtices of the Peace of the County of Southampton, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Edward Worſeley, Eſq; High Sheriff of the ſaid County, (on whom his Majeſty was then pleaſed to confer the Honour of Knighthood) being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, and Juſtices of the Peace of the County of Southampton.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, and Juſtices of the Peace of your County of Southampton, met together, to aſſiſt in the publick Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and to provide, in our ſeveral Stations, for the Security and Peace of the County, beg Leave moſt humbly to aſſure your Majeſty, that we will exert ourſelves on all Occaſions, in Defence of your Majeſty's Royal Perſon and Government; but more eſpecially at this Time, when an Invaſion is threatned by France, in Reſentment of the Succeſsful Oppoſition your Majeſty has given to her ambitious, arbitrary and deſtructive Schemes in all Parts of Europe.

It is a great Satisfaction to every Engliſhman to obſerve, what Unanimity and Zeal the moſt conſiderable Bodies of Men in your Kingdom have already ſhewn on this Occaſion— Enough to convince our Enemies, that we ſhall with Heart and Hand unite as one Man to ſupport and eſtabliſh your Majeſty's Throne, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Royal Houſe, againſt a Popiſh Pretender, his Deſcendants, and all his Adherents both at Home and Abroad, as the only Means to ſecure the full and free Enjoyment of our Religion, Laws and Liberties, to us and to our Poſterity. Dated at Wincheſter the firſt Day of March, 1743.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Abingdon in the County of Berks, has been preſented to his Majeſty by John Wright, Eſq; their Repreſentative in Parliament, who was introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Abingdon in the County of Berks, in Common Council aſſembled.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Abingdon, cannot omit this Opportunity of expreſſing our Abhorrence of the wicked Attempts of your Majeſty's Enemies; they muſt have perſwaded themſelves, that we have loſt all Senſe of what we owe to ourſelves and to our Poſterity, if they can think we are capable of countenancing a French Invaſion.

An Attempt upon this Kingdom in Favour of a Popiſh Pretender, is a Scheme that none but the moſt deſperate Men can encourage, and we truſt in God, that it will turn to the Confuſion of all who ſhall be concerned in it.

Your Majeſty has an undoubted Right to the Aſſiſtance of all your Subjects. You have aſſerted the Honour of the Nation abroad, and have maintained the Religion, Laws and Liberties of your People at home.

We therefore beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty of our ſincere and inviolable Affection and Attachment to your Perſon and Family, and that our beſt Endeavours ſhall be employed to defeat the ſecret and open Attempts of all your Majeſty's Enemies to diſturb your Government.

Given under our common Seal this firſt Day of March, in the ſeventeenth Year of your Majeſty's Reign.

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The following Addreſs of the Bailiffs, Aldermen and Burgeſſes of the Corporation of Morpeth, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir Henry Liddell, Bart. and Robert Ord, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Bailiffs, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of the Corporation of Morpeth, in Guild aſſembled, humbly beg leave to take this earlieſt Opportunity to expreſs our utmoſt Deteſtation and Abhorrence of the Deſigns, Attempts, and Indignities now formed and offered againſt your Majeſty and theſe Kingdoms, in Favour of a Popiſh Pretender; hereby ſincerely declaring our Zeal for, and firm and ſteady Attachment to your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government; which we are determined now, and at all Times hereafter, moſt inviolably to ſupport and maintain, even at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, to fruſtrate theſe and ſuch like Attempts for deſtroying and ſubverting our excellent Conſtitution; well knowing that the Security of our Laws, Religion, Liberties, and Properties, ſo dear and valuable to Britons, depends wholly upon the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Majeſty's moſt illuſtrious Houſe, which, with the greateſt Warmth of Affection, we moſt heartily wiſh may continue to lateſt Generations.

We are duly ſenſible of the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's mild and gracious Government, in Protection of our Religion, Laws, Liberties and Trade, for the Continuance of which we can have no Security but the Support of your Majeſty upon the Throne of theſe Realms, and the Succeſſion eſtabliſhed in your illuſtrious Houſe.

We are engaged by the ſtrongeſt Ties of Duty and Affection, to contribute chearfully every Thing in our Power (to the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes) for the Defence of your Majeſty and the preſent happy Eſtabliſhment, againſt all your Enemies both at Home and Abroad; and we fervently pray, that the Almighty may bleſs your Majeſty's Arms with Succeſs, and grant you long to reign over a loyal, dutiful, and happy People.

Given under our common Seal this Second Day of March, 1743.

Matthew Ridley, Governor.

The following Addreſs of the Governor, Aſſiſtants, Wardens, and Fellowſhip of Merchant Adventurers of the Town and County of the Town of Newcaſtle upon Tyne, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir Henry Liddell, Bart. and Robert Ord, Eſq; being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Governor, Aſſiſtants, Wardens and Fellowſhip of Merchant Adventurers of the Town and County of the Town of Newcaſtle upon Tyne.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Governor, Aſſiſtants, Wardens and Fellowſhip of Merchant Adventurers of Newcaſtle upon Tyne, beg Leave humbly to approach your Majeſty with the Aſſurance of our moſt ſteady Attachment to your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, and to teſtify our juſt Abhorrence of the wicked Deſigns now threatened by the French againſt your Majeſty and the Peace of theſe Kingdoms on behalf of a Popiſh Pretender.

The following Addreſs of the Bailiff, Approved Men, and Burgeſſes of the ancient Borough of Andevor, in the County of Southampton, has been preſented to his Majeſty by John Wallop and John Pollen, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Bailiff, Approved Men, and Burgeſſes of your Majeſty's ancient Borough of Andevor, in the County of Southampton.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, beg Leave to approach your Majeſty, to expreſs our Abhorrence of the deſperate Deſigns of France, in encouraging and aſſiſting a Popiſh Pretender to make an Attempt upon your Majeſty's Crown and Kingdoms, and to aſſure your Majeſty of our ſincere and inviolable Attachment to your Perſon and Government, and of our firm Reſolution, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, to ſupport and maintain the Proteſtant Succeſſion, on which every thing that is dear and valuable to us entirely depends.

The Senſe of our great Happineſs under your Majeſty's auſpicious Reign, in the free Exerciſe of our Religion, the due Execution of our Laws, and the full Enjoyment of our Liberties and Properties, muſt be too ſtrongly impreſſed on the Hearts of your Majeſty's Subjects, to allow them ever to ſubmit to a popiſh and arbitrary Government, obtruded upon them by a foreign ſelf-deſigning Power.

And as we doubt not but the Arms of a brave and free People, directed and animated by a Prince of your Majeſty's known Valour and Conduct (of which we have lately had ſo great

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and memorable an Inſtance) will be able, with the Bleſſing of God, to withſtand and defeat the moſt malicious Enterprizes and ſtrongeſt Efforts of our Enemies; ſo we truſt, that the ſame Providence, which ſo remarkably interpoſed in Favour of theſe Nations, by placing and eſtabliſhing your Royal Father on the Throne, which guarded your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon in the Day of Battle, will continue to protect our happy Conſtitution under your Majeſty, and an uninterrupted Succeſſion of Princes in your Royal Houſe till Time ſhall be no more.

Sealed with our Common Seal this third Day of March, in the Seventeenth Year of your Majeſty's Reign.

The following Addreſs of the Provoſt, Baillies, and Town Council of the Burrow of Drumfries, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir James Johnſtone, their Repreſentative in Parliament, who was introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Provoſt, Baillies, and Town Council of the Burrow of Drumfries, in Council aſſembled.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful Subjects, humbly beg Leave to addreſs your Majeſty, and on this Occaſion to give a publick Teſtimony of our Zeal, Duty and Affection to your ſacred Perſon, your Royal Family, and our preſent happy Conſtitution.

We moſt heartily deteſt the Indignity now offer'd to your Crown and Dignity, by the Attempts of thoſe who are Enemies to our Peace and Happineſs, to introduce a popiſh Pretender, whoſe Views and Principles muſt be oppoſite to thoſe of Liberty, and utterly ſubverſive of our happy Conſtitution.

We are truly ſenſible of, and with Hearts full of Gratitude acknowledge the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's auſpicious Government, in whoſe auguſt Family we pray, that a Proteſtant Succeſſion may be always continued to ſecure to us theſe Advantages, which as Men and free Subjects we are happily poſſeſſed of.

As we enjoy ſo many Rights, Civil and Religious, under your Majeſty's gracious Protection, allow us to declare, That it is our firm and hearty Reſolution to oppoſe every Attempt that ſhall be made againſt your Majeſty, your Royal Family, and theſe Kingdoms; and that we will uſe our utmoſt Endeavours to diſappoint all ſuch wicked Contrivances as may tend to leſſen your Majeſty's Power and Dignity, or weaken that Confidence that ought to ſubſiſt between an indulgent Sovereign and a happy People.

Signed by our Appointment, by

Jo. Euart, Provoſt.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Truro, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Falmouth, and Charles Hamilton, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Truro.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Truro, beg Leave, at this important Criſis, humbly to declare our ſincere Attachment to your Royal Perſon, Family, and Government, for the Support of which, our Religion, our Liberties, and every other Motive that can warm the Hearts of Freemen, animate and excite our Zeal; for we are truly ſenſible, that thoſe invaluable Bleſſings can ſubſiſt no longer than the preſent happy Eſtabliſhment, but muſt (if our perfidious Enemies ſhould prevail) be inevitably ſubverted by the ambitious Views of France, and the Bigotry of Rome. It therefore becomes our Duty and Affection to your Majeſty and our Country, to aſſure your Majeſty of our Readineſs chearfully to ſacrifice our Lives and Fortunes, in Oppoſition to the baſe Attempts of thoſe, who being Slaves themſelves, malign the Civil and Religious Liberties of all others.

Given under our Hands and the Common Seal of the ſaid Borough, this third Day of March, 1743.

The following Addreſs of the High Steward, Bailiffs, Recorder, and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Bridport, in the County of Dorſet, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Lord Deerhurſt, and George Richards, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, accompanied by the High Steward and others of the Corporation, who were introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the High Steward, Bailiffs, Recorder, and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Bridport, in the County of Dorſet.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

IT is with equal Surprize and Indignation, we hear, that the French are preparing to invade theſe Kingdoms in Favour of a Popiſh Pretender, and in Concert with diſaffected Perſons here.

We

We are at a Loſs to gueſs what Motives can induce any of your Subjects, under your gracious Government, to engage in this deſperate Attempt; they ſurely muſt be miſerably weak, or extremely wicked, who cannot, or will not ſee, that if it ſhould prevail, Popery and Slavery muſt be the unavoidable Conſequence.

We beg Leave therefore to aſſure your Majeſty on this Occaſion, that we will, at any Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, join with the reſt of your good Subjects, in defending your Majeſty's juſt Title to the Crown, on which we are firmly perſuaded, that the Preſervation of our Religion, Liberties and Properties, doth inſeparably depend.

Given under our Common Seal the 5th Day of March, in the ſeventeenth Year of your Majeſty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord 1743.

The following Addreſs of the Bailiffs, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Bruges, otherwiſe Bridgnorth, in the County of Salop, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Thomas Whitmore, and William Whitmore, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Bailiffs, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Bruges, otherwiſe Bridgnorth, in the County of Salop, in Common Hall aſſembled.

PErmit us, moſt gracious Sovereign, at this Time, when your Majeſty's Kingdoms are threatened with an Invaſion in Favour of a Popiſh Pretender to your Crown, ſupported by a foreign Arbitrary Power, encouraged by the Enemies at Home, of our Liberties, Happineſs, Religion, and Native Country, to expreſs our firm and loyal Attachment to your ſacred Perſon, Government and Family.

Liberty, Property, and the free Exerciſe of Religion, are the ſure Bleſſings of your Majeſty's Reign; and we beg Leave publickly to declare to the World, and to aſſure your Majeſty, that we will on this Occaſion, which calls us to the Defence of every Thing that is dear to us, with the Reſolution and Bravery of a free and loyal People, and at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, Support, Maintain, and Defend your ſacred Perſon and Government, and the Succeſſion of the Crown in your Royal Family.

That your Majeſty's Reign over us may be Long and Proſperous, and that there may never be wanting a Succeſſor in your Royal Houſe to inherit your Crown and Virtues, and defend our lateſt Poſterity, are the earneſt and moſt ſincere Prayers of your Majeſty's moſt dutiful, faithful, and loyal Subjects.

In Teſtimony whereof, we have hereunto affixed our common Seal, and ſubſcribed our Names, the Second Day of March, in the Seventeenth Year of your Majeſty's Reign.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Capital Burgeſſes, and Aſſiſtants of the Town and Pariſh of Tiverton, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir William Yonge, Bart. being introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE the Mayor, Capital Burgeſſes, and Aſſiſtants of the Town and Pariſh of Tiverton, having obſerved your Royal Meſſage to both Houſes of Parliament, our Conſcience will no longer ſuffer us to refrain aſſuring your Majeſty, that our Lives and Fortunes are always ready to ſupport and maintain the undoubted Right of your Royal Perſon and Family to the Throne of theſe Realms, as now by Law happily eſtabliſhed, againſt all Pretenders and Invaders, their Adherents and Abettors whatſoever.

Given under our Common Seal at the Guildhall of Tiverton, this Fifth Day of March 1743.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Burgeſſes of the Corporation of Chepping Wycombe, in the County of Buckingham, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Edmond Waller and Henry Waller, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Corporation of Chepping Wycombe in the County of Buckingham.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, humbly beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, with Hearts full of Zeal and Reſolution, that we are determined to ſupport your Majeſty, the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of Great Britain, as your Majeſty's and our common Cauſe, to the utmoſt of our Power, with our Lives and Fortunes, being truly ſenſible of the Bleſſings of the Revolution. The ſupporting of which, and the preſerving of our Liberties and Religion, ſo happily for us, brought your Majeſty to reign over us. And as we hope from your numerous Deſcendants, that Bleſſings will be continued to our lateſt Poſterity, we ſhould be wanting to ourſelves, if we did

did not in the preſent Conjuncture, aſſure your Majeſty of our inviolable Attachment to your ſacred Perſon and Government, and of our utmoſt Abhorrence and Deteſtation of any Power that intends impoſing upon us, or the Threatening of us with a Popiſh Pretender, being fully convinc'd, that under your Majeſty's Reign, and that of your Royal Family, this Nation alone can be Free and Happy.

Given under our common Seal this Third Day of March, in the Seventeenth Year of your Majeſty's Reign.

The following Addreſs of the Bailiff, Recorder, Juſtices of the Peace, Bailiffs Peers, and Burgeſſes of the Corporation of Wenlock in the County of Salop, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir Brian Delves, Bart. and Brook Foreſter, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

The humble Addreſs of the Bailiff, Recorder, Juſtices of the Peace, Bailiffs Peers, and Burgeſſes of the Corporation of Wenlock in the County of Salop.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE the Bailiff, Recorder, Juſtices of the Peace, Bailiffs Peers, and Burgeſſes of your ancient and loyal Corporation of Wenlock, beg Leave to approach your Royal Preſence at this Time, when your Majeſty's Dominions are threatned with an Invaſion by an arbitrary Power in Favour of a Popiſh Pretender, and to declare our loyal and dutiful Allegiance to your Majeſty, and firm Attachment to your Royal Proteſtant Family.

An Attempt formed againſt your Majeſty's Government by the Enemies of Peace and Quiet, muſt unite and engage all your Subjects in the Defence of your ſacred Perſon and Crown, and the Liberties and Religion we enjoy under your Majeſty's Adminiſtration, and prevent the fatal Deſign of our Enemies to enſlave our native Country, by the Treachery and Rebellion of your Subjects.

We moſt humbly beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we will not baſely betray, nor meanly give up your Majeſty's undoubted Right and Title to the Crown of this Realm, but exert our utmoſt Endeavours, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, to defend and ſecure your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, the Liberty, Religion, and Independency of our Country, and the Succeſſion of the Crown to your Royal Family.

May the God of Mercy, who has ſo often miraculouſly delivered our Church and Nation from popiſh Tyranny and arbitrary Power, direct and proſper all your Councels and Undertakings for the Security of your Perſon, Defence of your Kingdoms, and Preſervation of the Religion and Liberty of this Nation.

In Teſtimony whereof, we have cauſed the common Seal of your Ancient and Loyal Corporation to be affixed this Third Day of March, in the Seventeenth Year of your Majeſty's moſt glorious Reign.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Common Council and Bailiffs of the Borough and Corporation of Preſton, in the County Palatine of Lancaſter, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Nicholas Fazakerly and James Shuttleworth, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Common Council and Bailiffs of the Borough and Corporation of Preſton, in the County Palatine of Lancaſter.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Common Council and Bailiffs of the ſaid Borough and Corporation, being by your Majeſty's moſt gracious Meſſage to the two Houſes of Parliament, fully convinced of an intended Invaſion of theſe Kingdoms by the French, in Favour of a Popiſh Pretender, and that in Violation of the moſt ſolemn Treaties, do moſt humbly beg Leave to approach your Throne with this publick Teſtimony of our juſt Indignation at, and Abhorrence of the ſame.

So inſolent and perfidious a Deſign, muſt animate the Breaſt of every true Engliſhman, (who would not exchange a mild and gentle Government, in the Uſe and under the Protection of our own Laws, for Tyranny and Arbitrary Power, Liberty for certain Slavery, and a pure and reaſonable Religion for ſpiritual Bondage, Superſtition and Idolatry) to exert the utmoſt of his Zeal and Fidelity in Defence of your Majeſty's Perſon and illuſtrious Houſe, and in Conſequence thereof, in Defence of our own Happineſs; ſuch as no Nation round about us is ſenſible of, namely, the full and undiſturbed Enjoyment of both our Civil and Religious Rights.

Affected with ſo juſt and grateful a Senſe of theſe invaluable Bleſſings under your Majeſty's moſt auſpicious Reign, we aſſure your Majeſty, that we are firmly reſolved, both in our publick and private Capacities, to contribute our utmoſt, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, in Support of your Majeſty's Perſon and undoubted Right to the Crown of theſe Kingdoms, in Oppoſition to all Popiſh Pretenders whatſoever, and their open or ſecret Abettors.

Given under the common Seal of the ſaid Borough this Third Day of March, in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King George the Second.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Sudbury, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Thomas Fonnereau, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, and Mr. Rudge, who were introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Sudbury.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Sudbury, in Common Council aſſembled, having Notices that your Majeſty has received undoubted Intelligence, that the eldeſt Son of the Pretender to your Crown is arrived in France, and that Preparations are there making to invade this Kingdom, in Concert with diſaffected Perſons here; and that ſuch Invaſion is to be ſupported by the Squadron of French Men of War which has been cruizing ſeveral Days in the Britiſh Channel; and apprehending the Matters of ſuch Intelligence to be of too high Importance to your Crown, and the Peace and Security of theſe Kingdoms, to be paſſed over in Silence by any of your Majeſty's Subjects, who have any Senſe of Liberty, Property, and the free Exerciſe of their Religion, moſt humbly therefore crave Leave, with all Submiſſion, to aſſure your Majeſty, of our firm and unſhaken Fidelity to your ſacred Perſon and Government, and our preſent happy Eſtabliſhment in Church and State. And that, (as far as in us lies) even at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, we will endeavour at and concur in all ſuch Meaſures as ſhall be neceſſary for the diſappointing and defeating ſo dangerous and audacious an Attempt, and for the Security of your Perſon and Government, and the Religion, Laws and Liberties of theſe Kingdoms; and that it is our united Deſire and hearty Prayer to Him by whom Kings reign, and who is the ſole Arbiter and Diſpoſer of Battle, That all Enterprizes for the Deſtruction and Subverſion of our excellent Conſtitution, may be defeated by your Majeſty's conſummate Wiſdom and perſonal Valour, under the peculiar Care and ſpecial Protection of God. And that there may not be wanting to this Throne an Heir of your Majeſty's Loins, ſo long as our Religion, Laws, Liberties and Properties ſhall continue, which we truſt ſhall not ceaſe till the Elements ſhall melt with fervent Heat, and the Diſtinction of Civil Government ſhall be no more.

Given under our Common Seal at the Moot Hall of the ſaid Borough, this 29th Day of February, in the Seventeenth Year of your Majeſty's Reign.

The following Addreſs of the Provoſt, Baillies, and Council of the City of Aberdeen, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Hon. John Maule, Eſq; their Repreſentative in Parliament, who was introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Provoſt, Baillies, and Council of the City of Aberdeen.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and moſt loyal Subjects, the Provoſt, Baillies, and Council of Aberdeen, in Council aſſembled, do humbly beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we are moſt ſincerely affected with the Import of your Majeſty's late Meſſage to both Houſes of Parliament, and with the Dangers threatning your Majeſty's Crown and Kingdoms, not only from Foreign, but even from the moſt unnatural of Enemies, the Diſaffected at Home.

We ſhould be guilty of the higheſt Ingratitude, if we did not, with the greateſt Deteſtation, abhor from our Souls, ſuch dangerous and inſolent Attempts, ſo evidently deſtructive to your ſacred Majeſty, the happy Conſtitution of your Kingdoms, and the Balance of Power in Europe.

Permit us then, Great Sir, with all the Sentiments of Veneration and Gratitude, to aſſure your Majeſty, that as we eſteem your Right and Title to the Crown of theſe Realms to be undoubted, and the only Security for the Preſervation of our Lives and Liberties, ſo we will, to the utmoſt of our ſmall Power, be ambitious, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, to act in Defence of your Majeſty's Perſon, and of the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Royal Houſe, in Defiance of the Pretender, and all others whatſomever.

That your Majeſty may be long preſerved to ſecure our happy Conſtitution and Commerce, and to preſerve the Balance of Power in Europe; and that all the Deſigns of your Majeſty's Enemies may be diſappointed, and your Subjects remain a free and happy People under your Royal Progeny to lateſt Ages, is and ſhall be the fervent Prayer of,

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful, moſt loyal, and moſt faithful Subjects.

Signed in Preſence and by the Appointment of Council,

Alex. Aberdein, Provoſt.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Town Clerk, and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Stamford in the County of Lincoln, has been preſented to his Majeſty by William Noel and John Proby, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Town Clerk, and Capital Burgeſſes

geſſes of the Borough of Stamford, in the County of Lincoln.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

TO permit us to declare the real Sentiments and ſteady Reſolutions of your moſt faithful Subjects, alarmed at the Intelligence of an Invaſion intended by France, in Favour of a Pretender to your Crown.

We are truly ſenſible of the Happineſs we enjoy, in the Exerciſe of all our Religious and Civil Rights under your Majeſty, to whom alone (under God) we humbly acknowledge ourſelves indebted for the Security of both; and we cannot forbear expreſſing our Satisfaction in the Experience of your Majeſty's Vigilance and Courage, which has never been wanting for the Defence and Support of the Proteſtant Religion, and declaring our utter Abhorrence and Deteſtation of the wicked Deſigns of our Enemies, to diſturb your Majeſty in your undoubted Right to your Crown, and your People in their Enjoyment of theſe great Bleſſings, which would be ſucceeded by Tyranny, arbitrary Power, and Slavery, if a popiſh and abjured Pretender ſhould uſurp your Dominions.

And we, conſcious of our Duty to your Majeſty, warm'd with a Zeal and Affection for your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Family, and engaged by Gratitude as well as Intereſt, do beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we are firmly reſolved, at the Hazard and Expence of all that is dear to us, to uſe our ſtrongeſt Endeavours to oppoſe and defeat all your Majeſty's Enemies whatſoever, and to diſcharge our Duty in putting in Execution all thoſe Laws which have been wiſely made for the Deſtruction of their Deſigns.

And we hope, by the Bleſſing of God, your Majeſty's known Prudence and Conduct, and the Loyalty and Integrity of your Subjects, that the evil Diſturbers of our Peace and Happineſs will ſoon be defeated in their Deſigns, and that your Majeſty may long reign the Defender of our Faith over us a dutiful People, whoſe Happineſs depends on the Continuance of your illuſtrious Family on the Throne of theſe Kingdoms.

Given under our Common Seal at the Town Hall of the ſaid Borough, the 6th Day of March, in the 17th Year of your Majeſty's Reign.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Capital Burgeſſes of the Corporation of Eveſham, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir John Ruſhout, Bart. and Edward Rudge, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Capital Burgeſſes of the Corporation of Eveſham, in Common Council aſſembled.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Capital Burgeſſes of the Corporation of Eveſham, in Common Council aſſembled, beg Leave to expreſs our hearty Deteſtation and Abhorrence of the inſolent and perfidious Deſign to invade your Majeſty's Dominions, and impoſe on us a popiſh and abjured Pretender. Your Majeſty ſaw through the ambitious Views of France, and was thereby induced to undertake the Cauſe of the Queen of Hungary, deſperate as it ſeemed to be, you ſaved her, and reſtored her to her Dominions, and by the Battle of Dettingen put a Check to the Arms of that ambitious Nation; But what cannot a brave People do with a magnanimous Prince at their Head? They have ſince vainly imagined, that they could encounter you by Sea; you have block'd up for many Months together the united maritime Force of France and Spain, and ſhould they venture out of their Port, we doubt not but they will fall the Victims to your ſuperior Valour and Force. Nor ſhall the Terrors of an Invaſion have any other Effect on us, but to unite all Hearts in Support of your Majeſty and your Government; and as you may rely with Safety on the Affections of your People, ſo our Dependance is on the known Bravery and Conduct of our Prince.

That your Majeſty's Reign over us may be long and proſperous; and that we may be ever bleſſed with one of your Royal Houſe to ſit upon the Throne of theſe Kingdoms, are the ardent and ſincere Wiſhes of us, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful, faithful and obedient Subjects.

In Teſtimony whereof, we have cauſed our common Seal to be hereunto affixed, this Fifth Day of March 1743.

The following Addreſs of the High Sheriff and Grand Jury of the County of Oxford, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir James Daſhwood, Bart. and the Hon. Norreys Bertie, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, together with Mr. Cope and Mr. Perry, who were introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

The humble Addreſs of the High Sheriff and Grand Jury of the County of Oxford, aſſembled at the Aſſizes holden at Oxford, on Wedneſday the Twenty Ninth Day of February 1743.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the High Sheriff and Grand Jury for the ſaid County of Oxford, beg Leave to expreſs our utmoſt Abhorrence and Reſentments againſt any Attempts deſigned by any Popiſh Powers whatſoever, or the Enemies of your Majeſty at home, in Favour of a Popiſh Pretender.

The Enjoyment of Religious and Civil Rights are

are the invaluable Bleſſings of your Majeſty's Subjects: Every Intereſt, every Duty, call upon us at this critical Conjuncture to exert ourſelves to defend and ſupport your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, at the Hazard of every Thing that is dear to us. And we are confident the general and chearful Declarations of your Majeſty's grateful and free People, will convince the World that the Deſigns of our natural and too credulous Enemies, are as vain as their Intentions are dangerous and wicked.

May your Majeſty's Reign be long and proſperous, your Fleets and Arms ſucceſsful; and may there never be wanting Deſcendants from your Majeſty's illuſtrious Houſe to inherit the Crown of theſe Kingdoms.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs and Commonalty of the City of Oxford, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Thomas Rowney and Philip Herbert, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the City of Oxford in the County of Oxford.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

YOUR Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Bailiffs and Commonalty of the City of Oxford, in the County of Oxford, in Council aſſembled, beg Leave to join the National Voice, in profeſſing our Fidelity to your Royal Perſon and the preſent Eſtabliſhment.

The Attempt of France upon theſe Kingdoms, muſt excite an honeſt Indignation in the Breaſt of every Engliſhman who feels for the Safety and Honour of his Country; and it is with the greateſt Alacrity we offer our Lives and Fortunes in Defence of your Majeſty's Royal Family, under which we ſhall always expect to enjoy thoſe invaluable Privileges which were delivered to us by our Anceſtors, and that Religion which alone is conſiſtent with Reaſon and the Spirit of Liberty. Vain and impotent as the Efforts of a Popiſh Pretender muſt prove, we hope they may ſerve to give your Majeſty further Aſſurance of the Affection of a People whoſe Hearts are united in Defence of their Country, and whoſe Allegiance is founded upon the Dictates of Freedom.

In Teſtimony whereof, we have cauſed the common Seal of the ſaid City to be hereunto affixed. Dated at the Guildhall of the ſaid City the Seventh Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred forty and three.

The following Addreſs of the Portreeve, Freeholders, and principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Aſhburton, has been preſented to his Majeſty by John Harris and John Arſcot, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl Poulet: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Portreeve, Freeholders, and principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Aſhburton.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Portreeve, Freeholders, and principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Aſhburton, with a juſt Concern for your Majeſty's Royal Perſon and Government, humbly beg Leave to declare to your Majeſty, our utmoſt Deteſtation and Abhorrence of the Invaſion intended, and perhaps by this Time attempted, againſt both.

Under your Majeſty's Government we are deeply ſenſible of the ineſtimable Bleſſings we enjoy in the Proteſtant Religion. And with the Security of this Bleſſing, under the ſame juſt and legal Government, are ſecured to us our Properties and our Lives. And theſe, we humbly beg Leave to give your Majeſty the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances, we ſhall never give up to a Popiſh Pretender and a French Intereſt, but in the moſt dutiful and loyal Manner, ſhall ever be ready to diſpoſe of both for the Support and Defence of your Majeſty's Government, under which alone they are any thing worth.

That it would pleaſe God to bleſs your Majeſty's Counſels and Arms; to protect your ſacred Perſon; to preſerve your Government, and to continue it in your Royal Houſe to lateſt Poſterity, is our moſt ſincere and ardent Prayer.

Aſhburton, March the 6th, 1743.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Sheriffs, Citizens and Commonalty of the City of Lincoln, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir John de la Fountain Tyrwhit, Bart. and the Hon. Charles Monſon, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl Poulet: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Sheriffs, Citizens and Commonalty of the City of Lincoln, in Common Council aſſembled.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Sheriffs, Citizens and Commonalty

nalty of the City of Lincoln, in Common Council assembled, beg Leave to assure your Majesty how much we detest and abhor the insidious Design of invading these Kingdoms, and placing upon the Throne a bigotted Pretender, directed by Popish Councils, assisted and influenced by our professed Enemies: But we are amazed at an Attempt of this Nature by a Nation which so lately received such a Check to its ambitious Views, from your Majesty's Conduct and Royal Presence.

No one, Sir, can have a more grateful Sense than us of the Blessings and Privileges we enjoy under your Majesty's auspicious Government; nor no one more sensible, that while we are defending the Stability of your Throne, and the Succession of your Royal House, with our Lives and Fortunes, we are by that Means, and by that only, supporting our most Valuable, Religious and Temporal Rights.

No Endeavours of ours shall be wanting to put in Execution the Laws that are existing against Papists and Nonjurors, and to find out and detect all those who are any Ways disaffected to your Royal Person or Government; and now and hereafter shall, with the utmost Alacrity, obey your Majesty's Royal Proclamations.

It is our sincerest Wishes, that your Reign over us may be long and prosperous; and do assure you, Sir, we think it an indispensible Duty upon us to render the Government as easy as possible to your Majesty; and with a steady Conduct, firmly attached to your Majesty and your Royal House, to do every Thing that becomes honest and good Subjects for the best of Kings.

Given under our Common Seal, at the Guildhall of the said City of Lincoln, this 7th Day of March, in the Seventeenth Year of your Reign.

The following Address of his Majesty's Protestant Subjects the People call'd Quakers, has been presented to his Majesty.

To George the Second, King of Great Britain, &c.

The humble Address of his Protestant Subjects the People called Quakers.

May it please the King,

WE thy faithful and peaceable Subjects, being deeply concerned for the Safety and Preservation of thy Royal Person, Family and Government, beg Leave to approch thy Throne, to declare our Abhorrence and Detestation of all Plots and Conspiracies, for the Subversion of our Religion, Laws and Liberties, and the introducing Popery and arbitrary Power; and of all Attempts whatsoever to disturb the Repose and Tranquillity of these thy Kingdoms; and to assure thee, that we are determined, by the Assistance of Almighty God, in our respective Stations, stedfastly to continue thy loyal Subjects, and agreeable to our known Principles, to contribute all in our Power for the Preservation of the publick Peace.

Duty and Affection oblige us to express our grateful Acknowledgments for those inestimable Blessings our Religious and Civil Liberties, which we enjoy under thy mild and gracious Administration.

May the Almighty be pleased to direct thy Councils by his Wisdom, and make thee, O King, the happy Instrument to calm and compose the present Differences of Europe, and the glorious Means of re-establishing Peace and Tranquillity: May his Divine Providence, who hath preserved thee in imminent Dangers, protect thee against all thine Enemies, make thy Reign over us long and prosperous, and continue a Succession of thy Royal Off-spring, the Blessings of a free and happy People to late Posterity.

Signed in Behalf of the said People, London, the 9th Day of the first Month called March, 1743.

To which Address his Majesty was pleased to return this most gracious Answer.

I Thank you for this very dutiful and loyal Address: And you may rely upon my constant Protection.

The following Address of the Bailiffs, Burgesses, and Commonalty of the Corporation of Ipswich, has been presented to his Majesty by Samuel Kent, Esq; one of the Representatives for that Borough (Admiral Vernon, the other Representative, being confined with Illness) and Mr. Floyd, Recorder of the said Borough, who were introduced by his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, Lord of the Bedchamber: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

IT is with the utmost Indignation that your faithful Subjects the Bailiffs, Burgesses, and Commonalty of the Corporation of Ipswich, in Great Court assembled, view every Design formed against the Honour of your Majesty, and the Tranquillity of your People, and in particular, the late Insult on both, which your Majesty was pleased to communicate to your Houses of Parliament; an Insult, which whilst it raises our Detestation, at the same Time serves but to animate our Resolutions, to hazard our All in Defence of our Religion and Liberties, under a King, whose whole Life has taught us, that he places his greatest Honour in the Protection of both; a Prince, whose Councils our Enemies must fear, and from whose Arms they have learned to fly.

Whilst the Spirit of Religion and Liberty breathes in Britain, all Attempts against your Majesty must naturally end in a just Disappointment; since your Enemies will ever find, that we look on our Lives and Fortunes as a proper Stake in Defence of such a Cause, under the Protection of such a Prince.

Our Duty, our Affection, and our Intereſt, equally prompt us to do all in our Power to defend your Majeſty's undoubted Rights over us, and to demonſtrate the Loyalty of our Hearts, being fully aſſured, that the Poſſeſſion of all that we can call valuable, depends, under God, on the Stability of your Throne.

May Heaven, that guided the Eyes of our Anceſtors to your Majeſty's auguſt Family, always watch over its Safety, and to lateſt Ages continue it a Royal Bleſſing to a free, a grateful, and an affectionate People.

Given under our common Seal the ſeventh Day of March, 1743.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Common Council, Citizens, and Inhabitants of the City of Chicheſter, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Hon. James Brudenel, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament and Recorder, who was introduced by his Grace the Duke of St. Albans: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Common Council, Citizens and Inhabitants of the City of Chicheſter.

BEING deeply affected with a thorough Senſe of the Bleſſings we have for many Years experienced under your Majeſty's moſt mild and gracious Government, and deſirous of no greater Happineſs than the Continuance of them for many more, we think it incumbent upon us, at a Time when our Enemies are uſing their utmoſt Endeavours to deprive us of them, and totally ſubvert our happy Conſtitution, to give this publick Teſtimony of our Loyalty to your Majeſty, and of our utter Abhorrence and Deteſtation of all Deſigns tending to diſturb the Peace of your Kingdoms, and of the Authors and Abettors of them.

We are willing to hope, that the Number of ſuch among your Majeſty's Subjects, who would countenance and promote the Claim of a Popiſh Pretender, in Oppoſition to the undoubted Right of a Prince, who is the main Support of the Proteſtant Cauſe, is inconſiderable: But we cannot think there is one Engliſhman ſo loſt to all Shame, as to bow his Neck tamely to a Yoke, with which our inſolent Neighbour, whom we have ſo often humbled, and ſo lately defeated under your Majeſty's brave and glorious Conduct, dares at this Time to threaten us.

We take the Liberty therefore to approach your Throne, with Hearts warm with Zeal and Indignation, and to aſſure your Majeſty, that nothing ſhall be wanting, on our Parts, that can in any Sort contribute to the Maintainance of our Religious and Civil Liberties, and the Defence of your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the ſaid City, the Eighth Day of March, in the Seventeenth Year of your Majeſty's Reign.

ERRATA.

In the laſt Gazette, Page the 3d, in the Introduction to the Addreſs for the Borough of Ludlow, *for* Henry Arthur Herbert, *Eſq; read, the Hon.* Richard Herbert, *Eſq;*.

And in the ſame Gazette, Page the 5th, in the Introduction to the Addreſs of the City of Cheſter, after preſented by Sir Robert Groſvenor, *add*, and Phillip Henry Warburton, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament.

Nieuport, March 13. The great Storms, which we have had ſince laſt Saturday, but which are now abated, did immenſe Damage to the Shipping at Dunkirk. Nine Veſſels were ſtranded and loſt; the reſt of the Tranſports, not being able to weather the Storm in the Road, were obliged to put out to Sea; three of them had the good Fortune to get back into the Harbour the Day before Yeſterday, in the Evening; the others, to the Number of 24 or 25, were continually making Signals for Aſſiſtance and Food, having very little Proviſions, and a great many Troops on board: There was likewiſe one of the Men of War making Signals of Diſtreſs. The French at Dunkirk give out, that their whole Loſs amounts to no more than 20 Men; but a Foreign Merchant of Credit, who is come from thence, though he could not tell the exact Number of Soldiers that were drowned, yet affirms it to have been very great, and that the Number of the Dead, Diſabled, and Deſerters, cannot be leſs than 2000. Count Saxe has the Command at preſent at Dunkirk.

Nieuport, March 14. Our Communication is again open with Dunkirk, and the Poſt Letters, which had been detained there from the 25th of laſt Month, are come in altogether. We have a great many Pieces of Wrecks thrown upon our Coaſts. We now hear that the whole Number of Tranſports ſtranded was ten, and it was very fortunate for them that the Storm abated ſo ſoon, for if it had laſted till now, all that were in the Road muſt, in all Probability, have periſhed. They talk at Dunkirk of making a new Embarkation.

Bruſſels, March 16. We hear from Paris, that Letters were come in there from Marſeilles, giving an Account, that the Engliſh Squadron had been ſeen by a Ship juſt arrived at that Port, to the Number of 41 Sail, off of Palamos. It is written from Oſtend, and other Places upon the Coaſt of Flanders, that great Quantities of Ammunition Bread, Water Casks, Halberds, Pikes, and dead Bodies of Soldiers in Blue and White Regimentals, had been thrown on Shore by the Waves, after the late Storms. We hear

from

from the Towns in the Neighbourhood of Dunkirk, that the free Communication with that Place had been again reſtored ſince the 12th of this Month; an Expreſs is ſaid to have arrived there from Paris the Day before, and to have brought Orders for the Diſembarking of the Troops; 16 Battalions, which were on board the Tranſports, having been relanded immediately after; as likewiſe the Artillery, the Ammunition, and every Thing neceſſary for making an Invaſion. They alſo mention, that what was ſaid about Count Saxe's having been on board one of the three Ships, which were forced out to Sea, was a Miſtake, but that the Duke d'Antin or Gondin, and the Prince of Monaco, were really on board during the Storm, and that the latter had narrowly eſcaped drowning in getting to Shore: That the Pretender's Son remained in a Convent at Dunkirk; that the Troops, which had been relanded, were ordered to incamp, till further Orders, under the Cannon of Dunkirk near the Chapel, which is on the Eaſt Side of that Town; that beſides the Tranſports for Troops, there had been five Ships loaden in that Port with Field Pieces, carrying from 6 to 12 Pound Ball, with the proper Carriages, and Ammunition for them, and a great Number of Chevaux de Frize: That it was judged in that Neighbourhood, that the great Damage occaſioned by the late Storms, as well to the Troops as Shipping, muſt have entirely diſappointed the Expedition; but that the French however gave out, that they would reimbark their Troops the Moment the Weather would permit.

Hague, March 17. Holland this Morning [illegible] took an unanimous Reſolution, but immediately propoſed the ſame in the Union, for equipping and putting to Sea forthwith, a Squadron of 20 Sail; and their High Mightineſſes, whilſt this Propoſition is ſending to the Provinces, have convened all the Colleges of the Admiralty hither, to prepare and diſpoſe every Thing proviſionally for the Execution of this Meaſure as ſoon as ever it is enacted. The three Great Colleges of Amſterdam, the Muſe and Middelburg, are actually putting the Work in Hand, and will ſet about rigging and manning ſeveral Ships forthwith. M. Fenelon, the French Ambaſſador, is named to ſerve as Lieutenant-General under Marſhal Noailles, in the Army of Flanders.

Whitehall, March 13.

The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint John Balchen, Eſq; to be Maſter of his Majeſty's Hoſpital at Greenwich in the County of Kent, and alſo one of the Commiſſioners or Governors thereof, in the room of Sir John Jennings, Knt. deceaſed.

St. James's, March 6.

This Day Signior Groſſa Teſta, Envoy from the Duke of Modena, had a private Audience of Leave of his Majeſty, to which he was introduced by his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, Knt. Maſter of the Ceremonies.

St. James's, March 12.

This Day Signior Groſſa Teſta, Envoy from the Duke of Modena, had a private Audience of Leave of his Royal Highneſs the Duke.

And afterwards a private Audience of Leave of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Amelia; to both which he was introduc'd by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, Knt. Maſter of the Ceremonies.

Leiceſter-houſe, March 7.

This Day Signior Groſſa Teſta had a private Audience of Leave of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales.

And afterwards a private Audience of Leave of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales; to both which he was introduced by the Maſter of the Ceremonies.

By the Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland,

A PROCLAMATION.

Devonſhire,

WHereas we have received his Majeſty's Royal Pleaſure, That the Parliament of this Kingdom, which now ſtands prorogued to Thurſday the Firſt Day of March next, ſhould be further prorogued; We do therefore hereby publiſh and declare, That the ſaid Parliament be, and accordingly the ſaid Parliament is hereby further prorogued to Thurſday the Fifteenth Day of March next: Whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament, are to take Notice accordingly.

Given at his Majeſty's Caſtle of Dublin, the Twenty-eighth Day of February 1743.

By his Grace's Command,

J. Potter.

GOD Save the KING.

Whitehall, March 13, 1743-4.

Whereas on Saturday laſt, the 10th of this Inſtant Month of March, a great Number of Perſons did in a riotous Manner aſſemble themſelves before the Houſe of Thomas de Veil, Eſq; in Bow ſtreet, Covent-Garden, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace; and whereas three of the ſaid Rioters did, upon the opening of the Door of his Houſe by his Servant, ruſh violently into his Office, where he was alone, and with great Imprecations and Threats, demanded of him the Key of a certain Room in Panton ſtreet, and uſed many other inſolent and menacing Expreſſions, to the great Terror of his Family: And whereas the ſaid three Perſons did declare their Names to be William Davis, James Brooks, and John White: His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering the ſaid three Perſons, and bringing them to Juſtice for ſuch riotous, violent, and unlawful Proceedings, is pleaſed to promiſe a Reward of One Hundred Pounds for the Diſcovery of the ſaid William Davis, and Fifty Pounds a-piece for the Diſcovery of the ſaid James Brooks and John White, ſo as he or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof, payable upon the Conviction of ſuch Offender or Offenders.

CARTERET.

The above named William Davis is above Six Foot high, the two others of a middling Size.

Admiralty Office, Feb. 25, 1743.

The Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty are pleaſed to direct, that ſuch diſabled or worn out Seamen who have been nominated to be received into the Royal Hoſpital at Greenwich, do make their Appearance at this Office on Tueſday the 1ſt of May next, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning.

Tho. Corbett.

London, Feb. 16, 1743.

The Commissioners appointed by His Majesty for distributing to the Sufferers by Spanish Depredations, the Moiety of the neat Produce of Effects taken from the King of Spain and his Subjects, do hereby give Notice, pursuant to Directions in the said Commission, That all Sufferers intituled to a Share in the Distribution of the said Moiety, are required by the said Commission to enter their respective Claims, in Writing, on or before the Fourth Day of August next, and that they are to prove their Claims and Losses on or before the Fourth Day of May 1745, before the said Commissioners; and that all who shall fail to make such Entry and Proof within the said respective Times, are by the Commission excluded any Share in the said Moiety.

London, March 2, 1743.

The Commissioners appointed for Distributing the Moiety of the Prizes taken from the Spaniards hereby give Notice, that they will meet on Tuesday next, and every Tuesday following, in the Forenoon, at the London Assurance Office in Cornhill, to enter the Claims of those who suffered by Spanish Guarda Costas or other Ships, between the 2d of June 1721, and the 10th of July 1739, and who are intitled to a Share in the Distribution to be made pursuant to the said Commission; whereby it is provided, That with Respect to Losses before the Treaty of Seville, bearing Date the 9th of November 1729, no Persons are intitled to any Share, whose Claims were not entered, and Proofs exhibited, on or before that Time; And with Respect to Losses subsequent to the said Treaty, no Persons are intitled to any Share whose Losses were not represented on or before the 30th of June 1743, in such Manner as the said Commission directs. And that daily Attendance will be given in the Forenoon, Saturdays excepted, by Mr. Joseph Sedgwick, appointed by the Commissioners to receive the said Claims: And in Case of Adjournment to any other Time or Place, Notice will be given thereof.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute of Hue and Cry, that Michael Kemp, of Gouldthorpe, in the County of York, Gentleman, was on Thursday the 1st Day of this Instant March, between the Hours of Two and Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, set upon and assaulted in the High Road leading betwixt Scausby and Marr in the said County of York, in a certain Lane there called Marr-Lane, within the Hundred of Strafford and Tickhill, by a Person unknown, which said Person so unknown, was a low broad set middle aged Man, of a black Complexion, and had on a drab coloured Riding-coat, mounted on a black brown Gelding or Mare; which said Person did then and there assault the said Michael Kemp, and feloniously take and carry away from the said Michael Kemp, the Sum of Five Hundred and two Pounds and two Shillings.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on Thursday the 19th Day of April next, between Five and Seven in the Afternoon, The Freehold and Copyhold Estates of Charles Geere, late of Rottingdean in the County of Sussex, Gentleman, deceased, consisting of the Manor and Farm of Balsden, with the Appurtenances, and Common of Pasture, Feedings for Sheep and other Cattle, on Sheep Downs and Sheep Pastures to the same belonging; the Great Tythes arising in the said Manor and Hamlet of Balsden, together with the Tythes of two Farms called Norton and Bareshill Farms: Also several Copyhold Messuages, Lands, and Tenements held of the Manors of Houndean and Kingston, all which said Premisses contain upwards of twelve Hundred Acres of Land, are situate within three Miles of Lewes and Five of Brighthelmstone, both good Corn Markets, lye together, and are now lett to a good and substantial Tenant on Lease, of which there is near 16 Years to come, at the Rent of 330 l. Further Particulars may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

ALL Persons having any Claim on the Estate of John Walworth, Esq; deceased, late Receiver to the Hackney Coach Office, as have not yet made their respective Demands, are desired to send them before the 25th of this Instant, to Richard Evatt, Upholder, in Bedford Street, Covent Garden, acting Executor. And all Persons any ways indebted to, or having any Securities of the said Gentleman, deceased, are desired to pay and deliver the same into the Hands of the said Executor on or before the above-mentioned Time: After which a Distribution of the Money in Hand will be made amongst the Claimants; of which in Particular, the Bond Creditors (if any) are desired to take Notice.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Francis Penneckes, late of Helston in the County of Cornwall, Gentleman, deceased, are peremptorily to come before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on or before the 11th Day of April next, and prove their respective Debts, otherwise they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Joseph Allaine, late of Coleman-street, London, Gent. deceased, are to come in and prove their Debts before Richard Edwards, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Chancery Lane, before the 2d Day of April next, or in Default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

THE Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Waters, late of Lambs Conduit in Red Lyon-street, Holborn, in the County of Middlesex, Coach-master, Hackneyman and Chapman, intend to meet on Thursday the 5th Day of April next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Thomas Renison, late of Birmingham in the County of Warwick, Threadmaker, intend to meet on the 7th Day of April next, by Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Francis Cox, in Birmingham aforesaid, being the Sign of the Angel and Hen and Chickens, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Edward Long, of Colchester, in the County of Essex, Merchant Taylor, intend to meet on the 9th of April next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Thomas Smith, being the Sign of the Three Crowns in Colchester, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE under-mentioned Persons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately passed for Relief of insolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inserted in this Paper, and are herein inserted in Obedience to the said Act.

The following Persons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendred themselves to the Keeper of his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, London, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Stephen Hay, late of Portland Street, near Soho Square, Gentleman. George Smith, late of St. Giles Cripplegate, Carpenter.

N. B. If any Person in the foregoing List of Prisoners shall find, on the Perusal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, such Error shall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.

Printed by *Edward Owen* in *Amen-Corner*, 1743.